

Investor Presentation

September 28-29, 2015

NYSE: RDN

Safe Harbor Statements

All statements in this report that address events, developments or results that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Exchange Act and the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In most cases, forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as "anticipate," "may," "will," "could," "should," "would," "expect," "intend," "plan," "goal," "contemplate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "project," "potential," "continue," "seek," "strategy," "future," "likely" or the negative or other variations on these words and other similar expressions. These statements, which may include, without limitation, projections regarding our future performance and financial condition, are made on the basis of management's current views and assumptions with respect to future events. Any forward-looking statement is not a guarantee of future performance and actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statement. These statements speak only as of the date they were made, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. We operate in a changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to predict all risks that may affect us. The forward-looking statements, as well as our prospects as a whole, are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements including:

- changes in general economic and political conditions, including unemployment rates, changes in the U.S. housing and mortgage credit markets, declines in home
 prices and property values, the performance of the U.S. or global economies, the amount of liquidity in the capital or credit markets, changes or volatility in interest
 rates or consumer confidence and changes in credit spreads, all of which may be impacted by, among other things, legislative activity or inactivity, actual or
 threatened downgrades of U.S. government credit ratings, or actual or threatened defaults on U.S. government obligations;
- changes in the way customers, investors, regulators or legislators perceive the strength of private mortgage insurers;
- catastrophic events, increased unemployment, home price depreciation or other negative economic changes generally or in geographic regions where our mortgage insurance exposure is more concentrated;
- Radian Guaranty Inc.'s ability to remain eligible under applicable requirements imposed by the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA") and by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (collectively, the "GSEs") to insure loans purchased by the GSEs;
- our ability to maintain sufficient holding company liquidity to meet our short- and long-term liquidity needs. We expect to contribute in the second half of 2015 a significant amount of our holding company liquidity to support Radian Guaranty Inc.'s compliance with the final financial requirements ("PMIERs Financial Requirements") of the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements that were issued by the FHFA in final form on April 17, 2015 ("PMIERs") and which become effective for existing mortgage insurers on December 31, 2015. Our projections regarding the amount of holding company liquidity that we may contribute to Radian Guaranty Inc. to comply with the PMIERs Financial Requirements are based on our estimates of Radian Guaranty's "Minimum Required Assets" (a risk-based minimum required asset amount, as defined in the PMIERs, calculated based on net risk in force, which approximates the maximum loss exposure at any point in time and a variety of measures designed to evaluate credit quality) and "Available Assets" (as defined in the PMIERs, these assets primarily include the liquid assets of a mortgage insurer and its affiliated reinsurers, and exclude premiums received but not yet earned), which may not prove to be accurate, and which could be impacted by: (1) our ability to receive, as expected, GSE approval for the amendments to our existing reinsurance arrangements and receive the full PMIERs benefit for these arrangements; (2) whether we elect to convert certain liquid assets into PMIERs-compliant Available Assets; (3) factors affecting the performance of our mortgage insurance business, including our level of defaults, prepayments, the losses we incur on new or existing defaults and the credit characteristics of our mortgage insurance; and (4) how much capital we expect to maintain at our mortgage insurance subsidiaries in excess of the amount required to satisfy the PMIERs Financial Requirements. Contributions of holding company contributions that we make, we may be required or may decide to
- our ability to maintain an adequate level of capital in our insurance subsidiaries to satisfy existing and future state regulatory requirements, including new capital adequacy standards that currently are being developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") and that could be adopted by states in which we write business:



Safe Harbor Statements (Continued)

- changes in the charters or business practices of, or rules or regulations imposed by or applicable to the GSEs, including: (1) the implementation of the final PMIERs (including as updated on June 30, 2015 to increase the amount of Available Assets that must be held against risk in force associated with lender paid mortgage insurance originated on or after January 1, 2016), which (a) will increase the amount of capital that Radian Guaranty is required to hold, and therefore, reduce our current returns on subsidiary capital, (b) potentially impact the type of business that Radian Guaranty is willing to write, which could reduce our new insurance written ("NIW") and market share, (c) impose extensive and more stringent operational requirements in areas such as claim processing, loss mitigation, document retention, underwriting, quality control, reporting and monitoring, among others, that may result in additional costs to achieve and maintain compliance, and (d) require the consent of the GSEs for Radian Guaranty to take certain actions such as paying dividends, entering into various inter-company agreements, and commuting or reinsuring risk, among others; (2) changes that could limit the type of business that Radian Guaranty is willing to write, which could reduce our NIW and market share; (3) changes that could increase the cost of private mortgage insurance, including as compared to the Federal Housing Administration's ("FHA") pricing, or result in the emergence of other forms of credit enhancement; and (4) changes that could require us to alter our business practices and which may result in substantial additional costs;
- our ability to continue to effectively mitigate our mortgage insurance losses, including a decrease in net "Rescissions" (our legal right, under certain conditions, to
 unilaterally rescind coverage on our mortgage insurance policies if we determine that a loan did not qualify for insurance), "Claim Denials" (our legal right, under
 certain conditions, to deny a claim) or "Claim Curtailments" (our legal right, under certain conditions, to reduce the amount of a claim, including due to servicer
 negligence) resulting from an increase in the number of successful challenges to previous Rescissions, Claim Denials or Claim Curtailments (including as part of one
 or more settlements of disputed Rescissions or Claim Denials), or as a result of the GSEs intervening in or otherwise limiting our loss mitigation practices, including
 settlements of disputes regarding "Loss Mitigation Activities" (activities such as Rescissions, Claim Denials, Claim Curtailments and cancellations);
- the negative impact that our Loss Mitigation Activities may have on our relationships with our customers and potential customers, including the potential loss of current or future business and the heightened risk of disputes and litigation;
- any disruption in the servicing of mortgages covered by our insurance policies, as well as poor servicer performance;
- a substantial decrease in the persistency rates of our mortgage insurance policies, which has the effect of reducing our premium income on our premiums on mortgage insurance products paid on a monthly installment basis and could decrease the profitability of our mortgage insurance business;
- heightened competition for our mortgage insurance business from others such as the FHA, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs and other private mortgage
 insurers (including with respect to other private mortgage insurers, those that have been assigned higher ratings than we have, that may have access to greater
 amounts of capital than we do, or that are new entrants to the industry, and therefore, are not burdened by legacy obligations) and the impact such heightened
 competition may have on our returns and our NIW;
- the increased demand from lenders for customized (reduced) rates on mortgage insurance products, which could further reduce our overall average premium rates and returns and, to the extent we decide to limit certain types of business, could adversely impact our market share and our customer relationships;
- changes to the current system of housing finance, including the possibility of a new system in which private mortgage insurers are not required or their products are significantly limited in effect or scope;
- the effect of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act on the financial services industry in general, and on our businesses in particular;
- the adoption of new or application of existing federal or state laws and regulations, or changes in these laws and regulations or the way they are interpreted, including, without limitation: (1) the resolution of existing, or the possibility of additional, lawsuits, inquiries or investigations (including an inquiry from the Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance to all private mortgage insurers pertaining to customized insurance rates and terms offered to mortgage insurance customers); (2) changes to the Mortgage Guaranty Insurers Model Act ("Model Act") being considered by the NAIC that could include more stringent capital and other requirements for Radian Guaranty in states that adopt the new Model Act in the future; and (3) legislative and regulatory changes (a) impacting the demand for our products, (b) limiting or restricting the products we may offer or increasing the amount of capital we are required to hold, (c) affecting the form in which we execute credit protection, or (d) otherwise impacting our existing businesses or future prospects;



Safe Harbor Statements (Continued)

- the amount and timing of potential payments or adjustments associated with federal or other tax examinations, including deficiencies assessed by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") resulting from the examination of our 2000 through 2007 tax years, which we are currently contesting;
- the possibility that we may fail to estimate accurately the likelihood, magnitude and timing of losses in connection with establishing loss reserves for our mortgage insurance business:
- volatility in our results of operations caused by changes in the fair value of our assets and liabilities, including a significant portion of our investment portfolio;
- changes in "GAAP" (accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S.) or "SAP" (statutory accounting practices including those required or permitted, if applicable, by the insurance departments of the respective states of domicile of our insurance subsidiaries) rules and guidance, or their interpretation;
- legal and other limitations on amounts we may receive from our subsidiaries as dividends or through our tax- and expense-sharing arrangements with our subsidiaries; and
- the possibility that we may need to impair the estimated fair value of goodwill established in connection with our acquisition of Clayton Holdings LLC, the valuation of which requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions with respect to the estimated future economic benefits arising from certain assets acquired in the transaction such as the value of expected future cash flows of Clayton, Clayton's workforce, expected synergies with our other affiliates and other unidentifiable intangible assets.

For more information regarding these risks and uncertainties as well as certain additional risks that we face, you should refer to the Risk Factors detailed in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, and subsequent reports and registration statements filed from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are current only as of the date of this presentation. We do not intend to, and we disclaim any duty or obligation to, update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect new information or future events or for any other reason.



Agenda

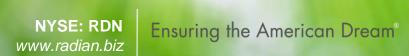
1	Company Overview
2	Financial Highlights
3	Mortgage Insurance
4	Mortgage and Real Estate Services
5	Capital and Debt Structure
6	Opportunities for Future Growth



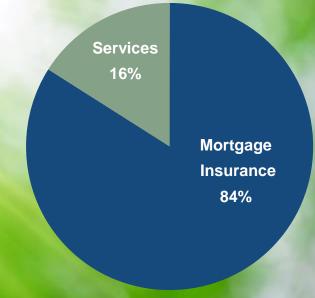
Who is Radian?

Radian Group Inc., headquartered in Philadelphia, provides private mortgage insurance, risk management products and real estate services to financial institutions through two business segments:

- Mortgage Insurance, through its principal mortgage insurance subsidiary Radian Guaranty Inc., protecting lenders from default-related losses, facilitating the sale of low-downpayment mortgages in the secondary market and enabling homebuyers to purchase homes more quickly with downpayments less than 20%.
- Mortgage and Real Estate Services, through its principal services subsidiary Clayton, as well as Green River Capital and Red Bell Real Estate. Solutions include information and services that financial institutions, investors and government entities use to evaluate, acquire, securitize, service and monitor loans and asset-backed securities.







Total Segment Revenue⁽¹⁾: \$282 million

(1) Includes net premiums earned and Services revenue, and excludes net investment income, net gain on investments and other financial instruments and other income.



Radian Team



S.A. Ibrahim

- Chief Executive Officer and Director of Radian since 2005
- Formerly served as CEO of GreenPoint Mortgage Funding, Inc.
- Past experiences include Head of International Operations Reengineering at American Express and CEO & COO of Chemical Banking Corp's mortgage lending unit
- Served on the Boards of Fannie Mae National Advisory Board and the Mortgage Bankers Association Board of Governors, among other institutions



Frank Hall EVP & CFO

- Chief Financial Officer of Radian since January 1, 2015
- Experience in capital markets, corporate development and business unit leadership
- Prior to joining Radian, served as EVP, COO and CFO of First Financial Bancorp
- Other past experiences include Ernst & Young and Firstar Bank's (now U.S. Bank) credit card division



Teresa Bryce Bazemore President, Radian Guaranty

- President of Radian Guaranty since 2008; prior roles within Radian Group include EVP, General Counsel, Chief Risk Officer and Secretary
- Past experiences include SVP, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary for Nexstar Financial, General Counsel of Bank of America Mortgage, PNC Mortgage, etc.
- Serves on the Board of the US Mortgage Insurers, on the Economic Advisory Council for the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, on the Mortgage Bankers Residential Board of Governors and as a director of the Home Builders Institute



Joseph D'Urso
President, Clayton Holdings

- President of Clayton Holdings since 2013; previously served as COO of Clayton Holdings
- Prior to Clayton, was President and CEO of Green River Capital. Other past experiences include leadership roles at Merrill Lynch and Goldman Sachs



Our History

Principal operating
1999 entities
1977 CMAC unite
CMAC and under the is Amerin Radian founded merge brand

2002Principal2008operatingRadianentitiesdiscontinuesunitewriting newunder thefinancialRadianguarantybrandbusiness

2010
Radian praises as \$1 billion in new capital to support a new business or growth



2013























1992 CMAC goes public 2001
Radian
acquires
Enhance
Financial
Services
Group

2005
Mortgage
industry
veteran
S.A.
Ibrahim
joins
Radian
as CEO

age Radian
try increases
an focus and
resources
im on its core
s mortgage
an insurance
EO business

092011lianRadianasescontinuesandto expandarcessalescoreforce andgagediversifyancecustomernessbase

Radian
acquires
Clayton
Holdings,
a
mortgage
and real
estate
services
provider



Radian Business Model

Two Distinct, Yet Complementary Business Segments





Financial Highlights

Radian Group Inc. Consolidated (\$ in millions, except per share amounts)

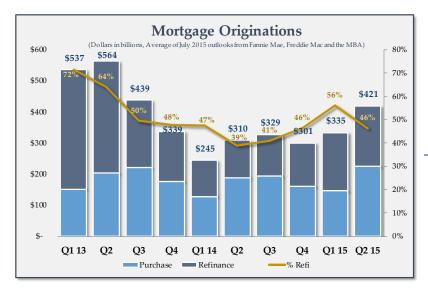
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2014	
Total assets	\$ 5,736.5	\$ 6,842.3	\$ 5,912.7	
Loss reserves	\$ 1,204.8	\$ 1,560.0	\$ 1,717.3	
Unearned premiums	\$ 665.9	\$ 644.5	\$ 597.9	
Long-term debt	\$ 1,224.9	\$ 1,192.3	\$ 1,172.6	
Stockholders' equity	\$ 2,353.4	\$ 2,097.1	\$ 1,584.2	
Book value per share	\$ 11.28	\$ 10.98	\$ 8.29	
Available holding company liquidity	\$ 734.6	\$ 669.5	\$ 787.7	
Statutory capital (Radian Guaranty)	\$ 1,959.7	\$ 1,714.6	\$ 1,511.5	
Risk-to-capital ratio (Radian Guaranty)	16.5:1	17.9:1	18.7:1	

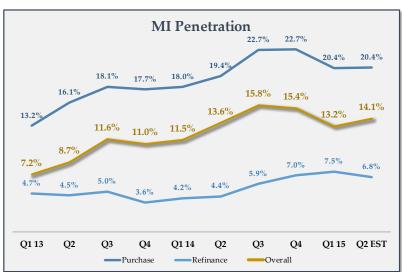


MORTGAGE INSURANCE

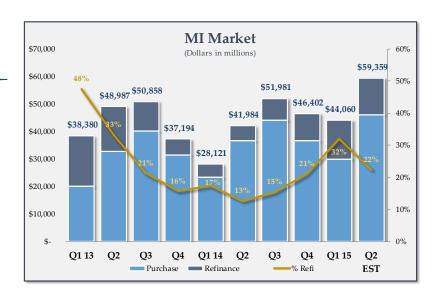


Mortgage Origination and Mortgage Insurance Market





MI penetration remains strong, positioning the MI industry to write new insurance on a high volume of originations in 2015 and in the future, particularly as the purchase origination market recovers.



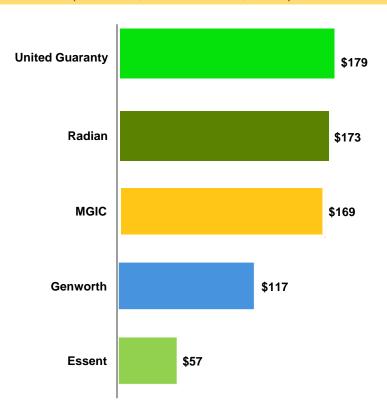
Sources: MI market is based on publicly reported information. Mortgage market size based on average of MBA, Fannie Mae & Freddie Mac Mortgage Finance Forecast as of July 2015.

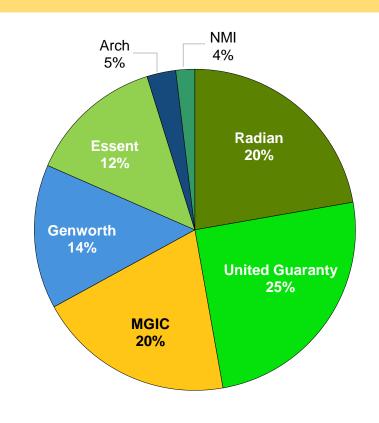


Radian Has Established itself as a Leading MI Player

Market Rank by Primary Insurance in Force (\$ billions, as of June 30, 2015)

Second Quarter 2015 Market Share of New Insurance Written



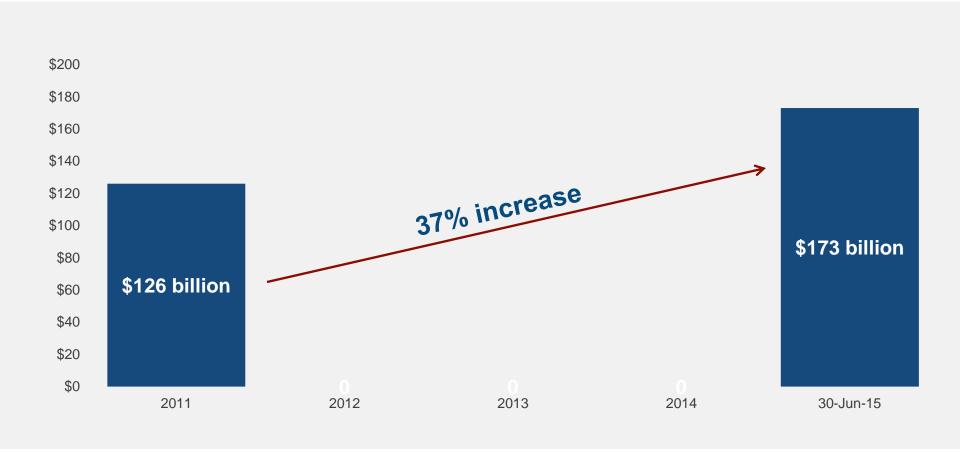


Source: Public filings.

Note: Total private MI volume pie includes primary MI, excludes HARP. Market rank by primary insurance in force includes only direct primary insurance as reported in public filings and supplements. Genworth insurance in force represents only U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment.



Radian Mortgage Insurance in Force Growth Drives Future Profitability

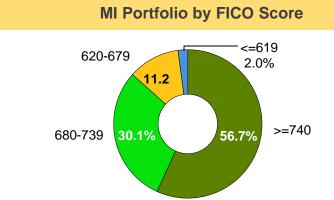




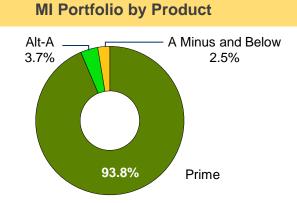
Radian High Quality Mortgage Insurance Portfolio

Total MI Primary Risk in Force (as of June 30, 2015): \$43.4 billion

MI Portfolio by Vintage 2006-2007 (Non-HARP) Other Vintages (Non-HARP) Other Vintages (HARP) 71.9% 2009-2015



85.00% and below 95.01% and above 8.8% 7.6% 90.01% to 90.00% 90.01% to 95.00%





Profitability of Newer Vintages Improving Performance of Mortgage Insurance Portfolio

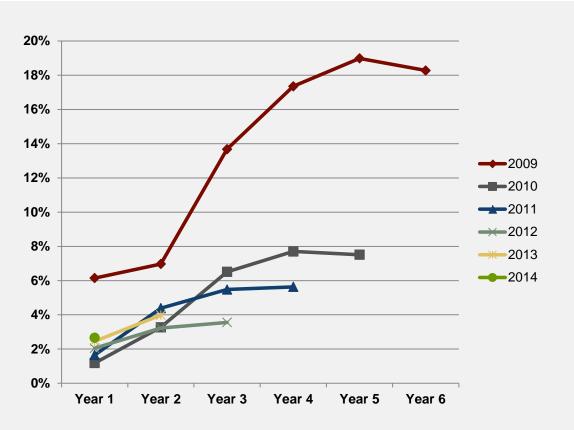


⁽¹⁾ Represents premiums earned and incurred losses on first-lien portfolio including the impact of ceded premiums and losses related to the 2012 Quota Share Reinsurance transactions, but excluding any reduction for ceded premiums and losses recoverable through our other reinsurance transactions.



% of Portfolio

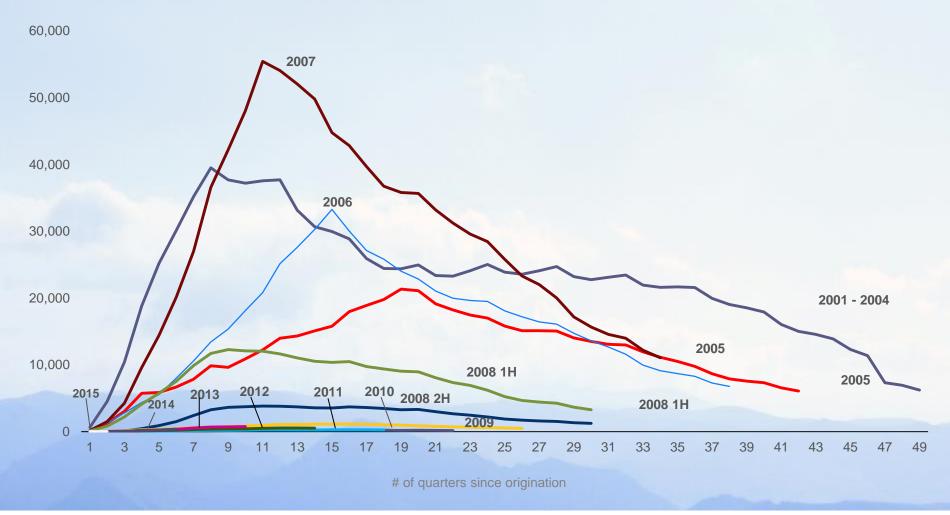
Primary Mortgage Insurance: Cumulative Incurred Loss Ratio by Development Year



Incurred Loss Ratio							
Vintage	Dec-09	Dec-10	Dec-11	Dec-12	Dec-13	Dec-14	Jun-15
2009	6.1%	7.0%	13.7%	17.4%	19.0%	18.3%	17.8%
2010		1.2%	3.3%	6.5%	7.7%	7.5%	7.2%
2011			1.7%	4.4%	5.5%	5.6%	5.0%
2012				2.0%	3.2%	3.6%	2.9%
2013					2.5%	4.0%	3.6%
2014						2.7%	2.6%



Primary Mortgage Insurance Default Count by Vintage



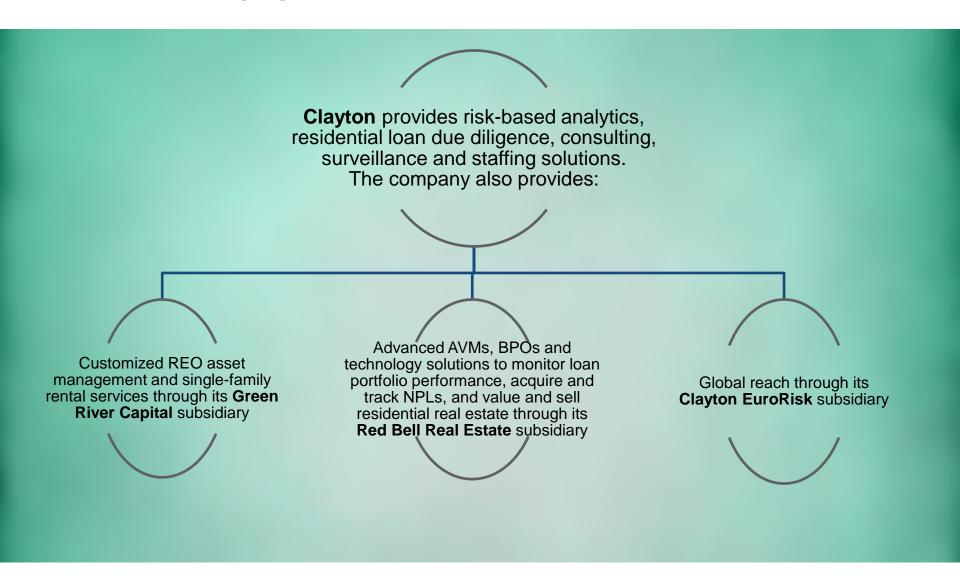
- . Second half of 2008 was a turning point in the company's book, with improved credit performance in that period and thereafter as a result of tightened credit guidelines.
- As of June 30, 2015, excludes 3,246 loans in default subject to the Freddie Mac Agreement.



MORTGAGE AND REAL ESTATE SERVICES



What is Mortgage and Real Estate Services?





Mortgage and Real Estate Services Revenue Drivers

	% of Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Market Segments/Clients	Today's Revenue Drivers	Potential Future Revenue Drivers
Loan Review and Due Diligence	25 - 30%	 Mortgage Origination (Banks, REITs, Mortgage Originators) Performing & Non-Performing Loan Trades (Banks, Investment Banks, Private Equity Firms, REITs) Non-Agency RMBS Securitization (Banks, Investment Banks, REITs) GSE Risk Sharing Transactions (GSEs, Banks, Investment Banks) MSR Transactions (Banks, REITs, Mortgage Servicers) 	Balanced Mix of Non-Agency RMBS Securitization, Whole Loan Trades (Performing & Non-Performing) and Origination Services	Non-Agency RMBS Securitization Due Diligence GSE Risk Sharing Transactions Leverage Radian's Large Client Base to Grow Origination Services
Surveillance	17 - 22%	 Non-Performing Loan Servicing/Servicing Compliance Oversight (Banks, Mortgage Servicers) Non-Agency RMBS Securitization/Surveillance (Banks, Investment Banks, REITs, Asset Managers) ABS Securitization/ARR Services (Auto, Credit Card & Student Loan Issuers) 	Oversight of Non-Performing Loan Servicing/Compliance for Large Banks and Servicers Surveillance on Pre-2008 Non- Agency RMBS for Issuers	Surveillance on New Non- Agency RMBS Issuance for Issuers and for Investors ARR Services and Surveillance for Other ABS Asset Classes Oversight of Non-Performing Loan Servicing/Compliance for Large Banks and Servicers

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of revenue by business unit in 2014 and 2015



Mortgage and Real Estate Services Revenue Drivers

	% of Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Market Segments/Clients	Today's Revenue Drivers	Potential Future Revenue Drivers
Valuation and Component Services	25 - 35%	 Single Family Rental (SFR) Securitization (Banks, Investment Banks) SFR Debt Facilities (Banks, Private Equity Firms, REITs) Non-Performing Loan Trades (Banks, Private Equity Firms, REITs) Non-Performing Loan Servicing (Banks, Mortgage Servicers) SFR Acquisitions (Private Equity Firms, REITs) Mortgage Origination (Banks, REITs, Mortgage Originators 	SFR Securitizations by and Debt Facilities for Large Institutional SFR Investors SFR Acquisitions (Private Equity Firms, REITs) Non-Performing Loan Servicing (Banks, Mortgage Servicers)	SFR Securitizations by and Debt Facilities for Small and Large SFR Investors Valuation Support for Mortgage Origination, Servicing and RMBS Securitization w/ Red Bell Technology
Real Estate Owned (REO)	13 - 20%	 REO Asset Management (Banks, GSEs, Mortgage Servicers, Private Equity Firms) SFR Rental Property Management (Private Equity Firms, REITs) 	REO Asset Management Services - Remaining Backlog of Distressed Loans	REO Asset Management Services - Remaining Backlog of Distressed Loans REO Asset Management Technology - Red Bell's Pyramid System
EuroRisk	6 - 7%	 Performing & Non-Performing Loan Trades (Banks, Investment Banks, Private Equity Firms) Mortgage Origination (Banks, Mortgage Originators) RMBS Securitization (Banks, Investment Banks) 	Non-Performing Loan Trades	RMBS Securitization Non-Performing Loan Trades

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of revenue by business unit in 2014 and 2015



Mortgage and Real Estate Services Revenue



⁽¹⁾ Represents unaudited quarterly historical revenue for the businesses of Clayton Holdings LLC for periods prior to our acquisition on June 30, 2014.



CAPITAL AND DEBT STRUCTURE



Capital Structure

Total capitalization (as of June 30, 2015)

Coupon		Carrying value (\$'000)	Principal (\$'000)	% of total capitalization ⁽³⁾
9.00%	Senior Notes due 2017	\$191,256	\$195,500	
5.50%	Senior Notes due 2019	\$295,198	\$300,000	
5.25%	Senior Notes due 2020	\$343,541	\$350,000	
	Total Senior Notes	\$829,995	\$845,500	23%
3.00%	Convertible Senior Notes due 2017	\$51,917	\$60,914	
2.25%	Convertible Senior Notes due 2019 ⁽¹⁾	\$342,980	\$399,992	
	Total Convertible Senior Notes	\$394,897	\$460,906	11%
	Total debt	\$1,224,892	\$1,306,406	34%
	Shareholders' Equity	\$2,353,398	\$3,391,617 ⁽²⁾	66%
	Total capitalization	\$3,578,290		100%

Current Ratings

- S&P
 - B with positive outlook
 - Upgraded from B- to B on March 9, 2015
- Moody's
 - B1 with positive outlook
 - Upgraded from B2 to B1 on June 25, 2015
- (1) Radian may redeem all or part of the 2019 convertible notes on or after March 8, 2016 if the reference share prices exceeds \$13.78 per share.
- (2) Represents Radian's market capitalization as of September 24, 2015, calculated based on price of \$16.26 and 208,586,516 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2015.
- (3) Based on carrying value of debt and book value of equity.



Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs)

As of June 30, 2015, Radian Guaranty would be able to immediately comply with the financial requirements of the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERs) developed by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac as adopted on April 17, 2015, and that come into effect on December 31, 2015, by utilizing approximately \$330 million of existing holding company liquidity.

This assumes that the company converts approximately \$80 million of existing liquid assets, which represent the cash surrender value of Radian's company-owned life insurance policies held for certain officers and employees, into PMIERs-compliant Available Assets (as defined in the PMIERs) and receives, as expected, full PMIERs benefit of approximately \$145 million for its outstanding quota-share reinsurance arrangements.

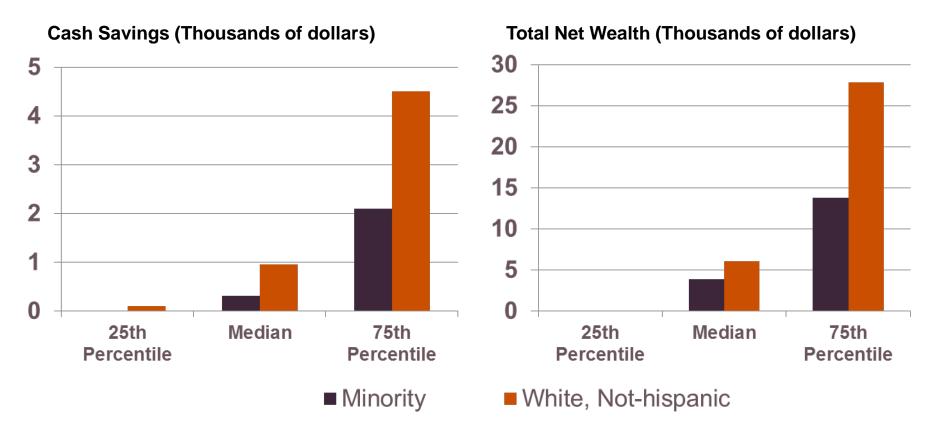


OPPORTUNITIES FOR FUTURE GROWTH



Opportunities for Future Growth

Renters Have Minimal Savings/Wealth—Need Low Downpayment Loans



Notes: Data for Renters only. Cash savings includes checking, saving, CD and money market accounts.

Source: JCHS tabulations of 2010 Survey of Consumer Finances.

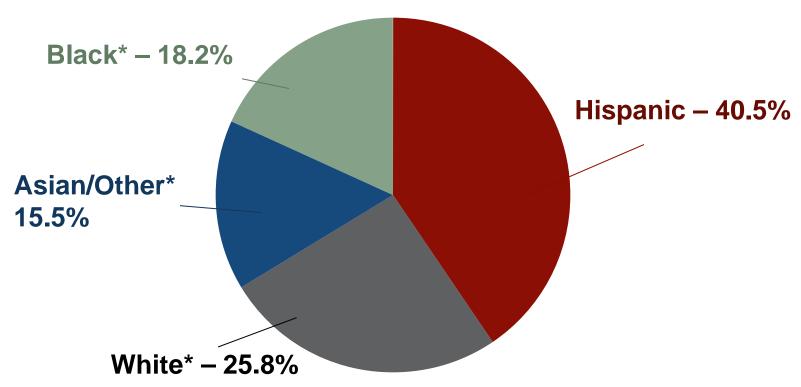


Opportunities for Future Growth

New Household Formation Driven by Diverse Markets

13 million of the 17 million projected between 2010 and 2025

% of Projected New Households 2010-2025



SOURCE: Updated 2010-2020 Household and New Home Demand Projections, Sept 2010 Joint Center for Housing at Harvard, US Census – homeownership rates Q2 2013

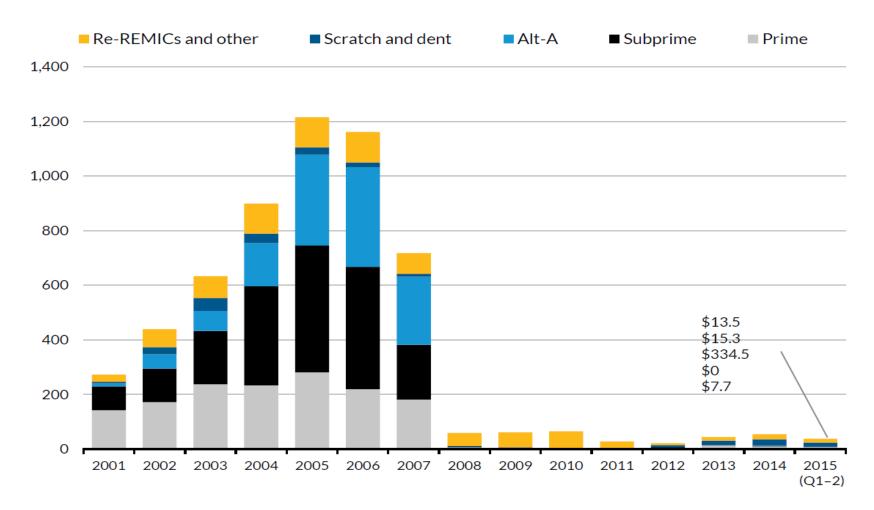
* Non-Hispanic



Opportunities for Future Growth

Private-Label Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities Issuance, 2001-2015

Billions of dollars



SOURCES: Inside Mortgage Finance and The Urban Institute NOTE: REMIC = real estate mortgage investment conduit



Opportunities for Future Growth Non-Agency RMBS Due Diligence and Surveillance

Non-Agency RMBS Due Diligence

Despite a relatively small market for non-agency RMBS today versus pre-crisis levels, the economics of the business are favorable to the Services segment. Regulatory changes and ratings agency demands have resulted in:

- Higher sample sizes/loan coverage (100% vs 10% pre-crisis)
- More in-depth reviews resulting in increased pricing (double pre-crisis levels)

Surveillance for Investors and Asset Managers

Opportunity to sell due diligence and surveillance capabilities:

- Non-agency RMBS issuers engaged Clayton to perform surveillance on pre-crisis securities
- Today's whole loan and RMBS investors are demanding greater transparency into servicers' performance and compliance
- Offerings will include technology for high-level oversight and in-depth file reviews





RADIAN

Ensuring the American Dream®